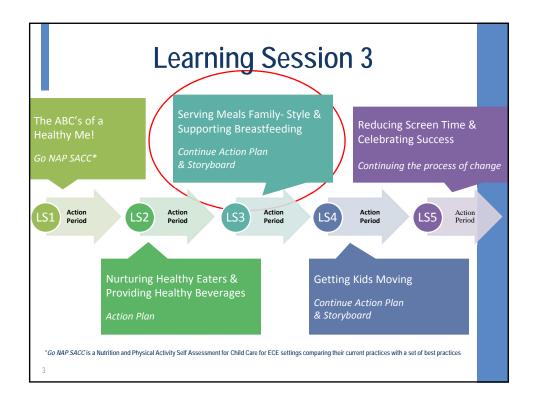
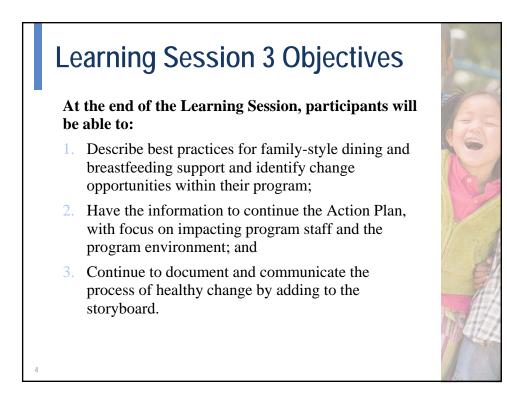


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Why is Family Style Dining Important?

- Enriches a child's learning environment
- Gives children the opportunity to take an active role in their feeding
- Creates a unique opportunity for us to model healthy food choices and table manners

Characteristics of Family-Style Dining

- Children help set the table
- Child-size tables, utensils, and serving dishes are utilized
- Food is passed in small containers
- Beverages are served in small pitchers
- Children serve themselves
- Adults sit at the table with children and role model by eating the same foods
- Children engage in conversation



FSD Supports Child Development

- Small, large, oral motor development
 - Passing out plates, tipping a pitcher of milk, and lifting a serving spoon of food use a variety of motor skills
 - Learning to use serving utensils, such as tongs, allows children to develop fine motor skills
 - Children need to balance to stay in their chairs, which strengthens core muscles
 - Oral motor skills are developed when children learn to drink from a glass



FSD Supports Child Development

- Social Development
 - Provides teaching opportunities for sharing, turn taking, and table manners
 - Children learn empathy and how to recognize and respond to others' needs
 - As children talk with their peers and adults at meals, they practice social etiquette behaviors, such as saying "please" and "thank you", and learn the art of conversation and how important these are for a pleasant mealtime experience
 - Adult role modeling of both manners and
- conversation skills is fundamental to FSD

FSD Supports Child Development

- Language Development
 - Mealtime conversations develops children's language and can create a language-rich environment
 - Using words and sentences describing the flavor, texture, color, or temperature of a food enriches children's vocabulary
 - Talk about topics that interest the children in your program!



FSD Supports Child Development Emotional Development Can boost a child's self confidence through trying new things and mastering new skills Getting food from the serving bowl to their plate is a reason to celebrate "I did it!" are important words for children to say Waiting their turn for food to be passed around helps children practice self-regulation Children learn independence when they help to set the table, serve themselves, and clear the table

Getting Children Ready for FSD

- To be successful with family style meal service, it's important that children:
 - Learn and develop mealtime skills
 - Practice self-feeding



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Getting Staff Ready for FSD

It's important that staff are prepared to:

- Encourage self-feeding practices
- Arrange seating to support skills
- Assess children's mealtime skills
- Integrate Meal Service
 Practice into other activities



Integrating Meal Service into Daily Activities

- Daily transitions and routines
- Dramatic play
- Small motor experiences
- Sand and water play
- Literacy and music/movement activities





Create a Mealtime Environment that Promotes Learning and Exploration

Phrases that Hinder

- "You have to eat that"
- "Do not leave the table until everything is finished"
- "Carli, look at Maria. She ate all of her bananas and you did not."
- "You may not have seconds, we don't have enough to give them to everyone."
- "I'm going to tell your mom you weren't a good eater
- 19 today at school."

Phrases that Help

- "These radishes are crunchy! What other vegetable is crunchy?"
- "This is a kiwi. It is sweet. What fruits do you like that are sweet?"
- "What should you do when your stomach is full from eating?"
- "Thank you for trying a new vegetable. It is ok that you did not like it"



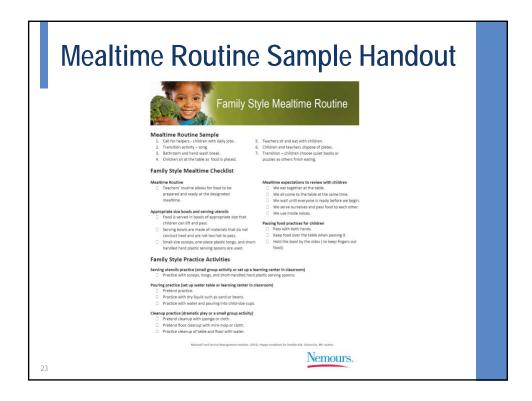
Getting Your Program Ready for FSD

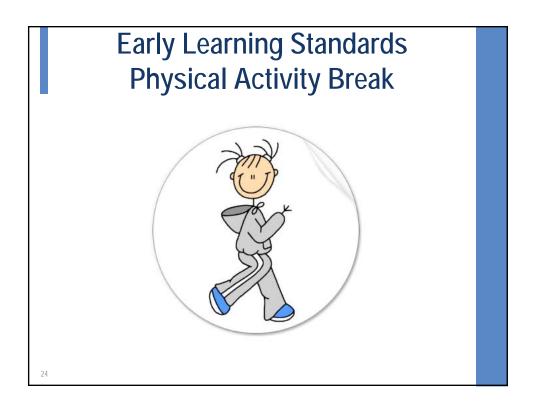
- Procure appropriate furniture and equipment
- Implement gradually

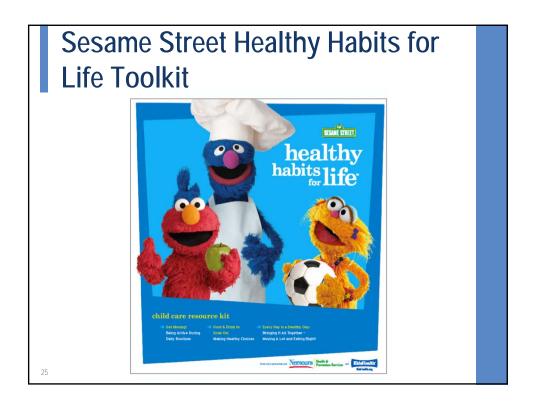


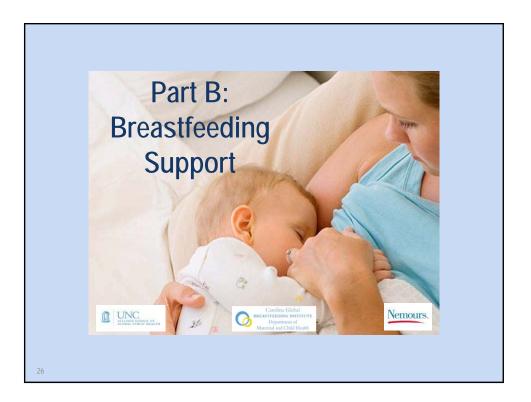










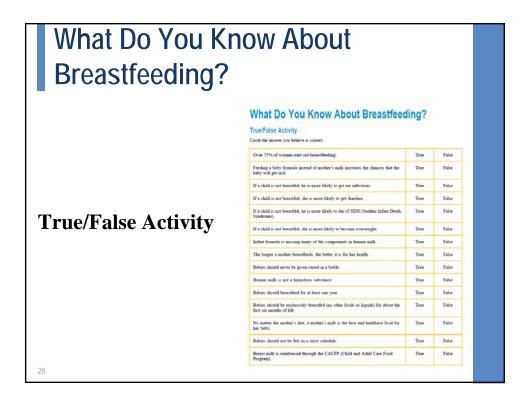


Call to Action

"One of the most highly effective preventative measures a mother can take to protect the health of her infant and herself is to breastfeed. The decision to breastfeed is a personal one, and a mother should not be made to feel guilty if she cannot, or chooses not to breastfeed. The success rate among mothers who choose to breastfeed can be greatly improved through active support..."

Action: Ensure that all early care and education providers accommodate the needs of breastfeeding mothers and infants.

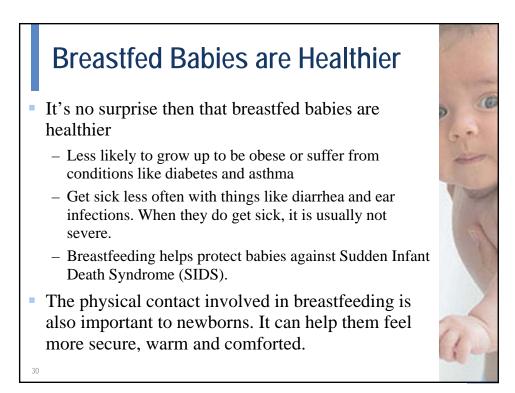
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Executive Summary: The Surgeon General's Call to Action to Support Breastfeeding. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Surgeon General; 2011.



Why is breastfeeding important?

Mother's milk is best for babies.

- Mother's milk provides her baby exactly what is needed to grow and thrive
- Breastmilk changes over time to keep up with a baby's changing nutrition and disease protection needs
- To date, over 30 components to breast milk have been identified, protecting babies from infections and illness.
- Breastfed babies benefit from "borrowing" their mother's immune system at exactly the time when they are most susceptible to illnesses due to the immaturity of their own immune system



Why Do Moms Need Your Support?

- 81% of moms desire to breastfeed
- 79% of moms start breastfeeding
- 60% of moms do not meet their breastfeeding goals (frequency and/or duration)
- Returning to work is the primary reason for ending breastfeeding
- Shorter duration of breastfeeding if baby is in an early care and education environment

Breastfeeding Benefits Women

- Health Benefits
 - Type 2 diabetes
 - Breast and ovarian cancer
 - Postpartum depression
- Increased weight loss
- Attachment
- Convenience
- Savings



Breast Milk Can Save Your Program Money

Breast milk is part of the CACFP meal pattern

- It is reimbursable for infants if fed by the mother or child care provider
- It's free! No equipment to purchase
 - Cost effective for families as well
- For children over 12 months, breast milk may be substituted for cow's milk
 - Doctor's note may be required

Human milk is food

- You do <u>not</u> need to store human milk in a separate refrigerator
- You do <u>not</u> need to wear gloves to give a bottle of human milk or formula
- Contact with human milk is <u>not</u> hazardous exposure



Breastfeeding Report Card

National	Healthy People 2020 Targets
81.1%	81.9%
44.4%	46.2%
22.3%	25.5%
51.8%	60.6%
30.7%	34.1%
	44.4% 22.3% 51.8%

Breastfeeding Recommendations

The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends:

- <u>Exclusive</u> breastfeeding for about 6 months, followed by continued breastfeeding as complementary foods are introduced
- Continuation of breastfeeding for at least 1 year
- Continuation of breastfeeding beyond 1 year for as long as mutually desired by mother and infant
- Exclusive breastfeeding means an infant is given no other substances for food (e.g. no infant formula or water)



10 Steps to a Breastfeeding-Friendly Program

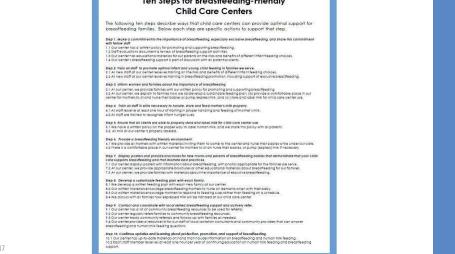
- 1. Update/change program policies
- 2. Conduct staff trainings
- 3. Communicate with families
- 4. Provide learning and play opportunities for children
- 5. Practice proper storage and labeling

- 6. Provide a dedicated space for nursing
- 7. Provide employee support
- 8. Create a feeding plan
- 9. Refer families to appropriate community programs
- 10. Continue to learn and provide updates to program staff



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Breastfeeding-Friendly Child Care Centers Handout



Hunger Cues

 Doctors recommend that all babies be fed when they are hungry, rather than on a schedule

- Hunger Cues
 - Moving head side to side
 - Opening mouth and sticking out tongue
 - Puckering lips to suck
 - Rooting reflex
- Watch the baby, not the clock
- It is normal for young babies to eat only 2-3 ounces of milk in one sitting
- We want babies to learn that when they are hungry, they eat, and then they are full
- Scheduled feeding disrupts this learning





General Infant Feeding Breastfed babies do not need solid food before 6 months - Early solids replace breast milk, which should still be main source of food - Introduce solids when developmentally appropriate Introduce solids at signs of readiness - Sits with good head control - Opens mouth when food comes his/her way - Can move food from spoon to back of throat Don't feed cereal in a bottle - It's bad for teeth and will not help a baby sleep longer Hold infants while feeding them - Puts you in good position to see an infant signaling they are full

Cultural Views of Breastfeeding

- Many different cultures look at breastfeeding as a natural choice for feeding
- Many countries have banned the practice of giving free or subsidized formula to new mothers
- Accepting and understanding cultural differences allows staff to become culturally sensitive to those parents and families who decide to breastfeed
- Some cultures discourage breastfeeding because it 'spoils' babies and/or discourages babies from sleeping through the night





How to Support Breastfeeding Mothers







Challenge: Time

Time demands

- It takes longer to serve and eat meals familystyle
- Solution #1: Delegate tasks to children
- Solution #2: Teach children meal and snack time routines
- Solution #3: Adjust the daily schedule





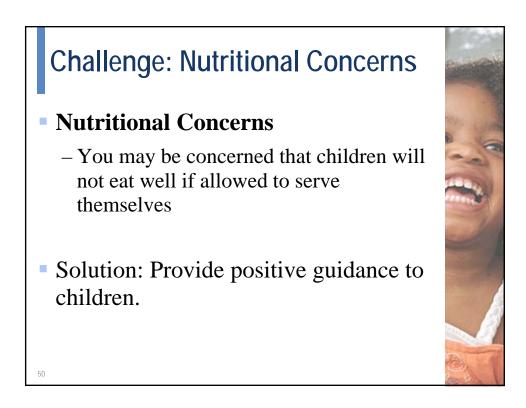
Messiness

- Family style eating can be seen as messy or unsanitary
- Solution #1: Be Prepared for Messes
- Solution #2: Adopt strategies to minimize and avoid contamination of food.
- Solution #3: Start Small



Challenges: Motor Skills Motor Skill Level Differences Some children will need more help serving themselves than others Solution #1: Give children lots of learning activities to help them develop motor skills needed for family-style dining Solution #2: Use age-appropriate eating equipment Solution #3: Designate adult learners at every table Solution #4: Use a Buddy System





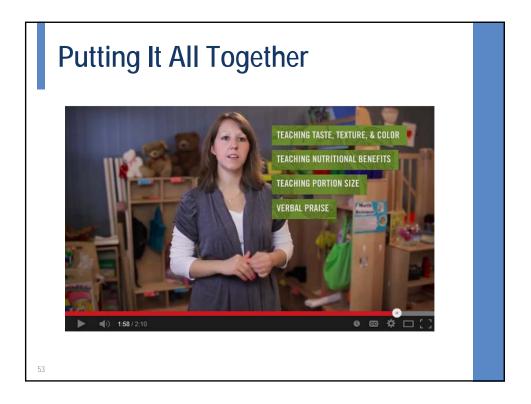
Challenge: Lack of Staff Motivation

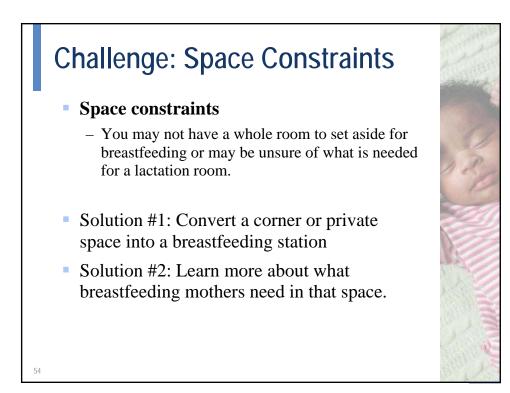
Lack of Staff Motivation

- You may be hesitant to make the switch to family style dining for a variety of reasons
- Solution: Learn about family style dining before adopting it into everyday practice



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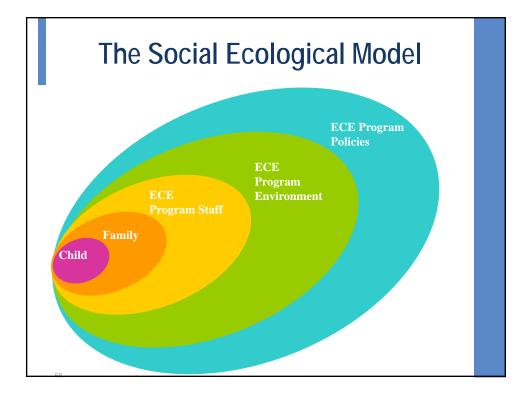


Parents are Unaware of Breastfeeding Support Offered

- Mothers may not use available resources because they do not know they exist or are unsure how welcoming you are to breastfeeding.
- Solution #1: Create a written breastfeeding policy for your child care center or home.
- Solution #2: Become a valuable resource for your mothers







Start Date: August ECE Program Name: ABC Childcare Goal: Introduce and Implement Family-Style Dining by October				
Child	Family	Program Staff	Program Environment	Program Policies
Practice family-style dining techniques and skills during center and free times (Ongoing beginning August, Teachers) Encourage through activities and books to promote healthy nutrition and family-style dining in the classrooms to continue practicing techniques in preparation for family- style dining (Ongoing beginning September, Teachers)		Educate teachers and Cook during staff meetings on family- style dining (Ongoing beginning August, Director)	Add pictures to the bulletin board of children in various stages of pretend play and real play practicing family-style dining techniques (On-going beginning August, Teachers) Post information and tips on family-style dining on the parent bulletin board (On-going beginning August, Director and Teachers)	Research policies on family- style dining (August, Director) Prepare for parent meeting to introduce family-style dining into the program (August, Director, Teachers, Cook) Prepare materials, webinars, and resources for staff meetings in preparation of implementing family-style dining into the program (Ongoing beginning August, Director and Cook)
Encourage through play in developing conversations and language skills, social/emotional skills, and fine/gross motor skills (Ongoing beginning September, Teachers) Practice set-up/clearing the tables and serve food and beverages at meal times (Ongoing beginning September, Teachers) Implement family-style dining fully with children (Ongoing beginning October, Director, Teachers, and	Host a family meeting to introduce the benefits of family- style dining (September Director and Staff). Include family-style dining information and benefits in the programs monthly newsletter (Ongoing beginning September, Director). Encourage parents to practice family-style dining at home with children (Ongoing beginning September, Director and Staff).	Provide on-going resources and education to prepare staff in the implementation of family-style dining in the program (Ongoing beginning September, Director and Cook)	Purchase family-style dining materials for the program to include books, resources, materials for each classroom (September, Director) Fully implement family-style dining into the program (Ongoing beginning October, Director, Cook, and Teachers)	Develop written policy on family- style dining to be included in program policies, staff and family handbocks (October, Director

Action Plan Worksheet Start Date: August ECE Program Name: ABC Childcare Goal: Introduce and Implement Family-Style Dining by October				
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Action Plan Worksheet				
Child	Family	Program Staff	Program Environment	Program Policies
Teed infants based on nfant feeding plan and using responsive feeding sues (Ongoing beginning November, Teachers and Staff).	Work with families to create individual feeding plans for each infant (Ongoing, beginning November, Teachers). Invite families to attend training on breastfeeding support (Ongoing beginning mid- November, Director and Staff). Identify and gather brochures for community breastfeeding support is: La Leche League (November, Director). Maintain or-going communication with families regarding infant feeding needs and cues (Ongoing beginning November, Teachers).	Collect sample infant feeding plans and choose a template to use with families (November, Director and Staff) Learn about best practices in breastfeeding support and attend training (Ongoing beginning early November, Director and Staff). Teachers to help set-up the bulletin board for praent information regarding breastfeeding (Ongoing beginning November, Director and Staff). Teachers to display posters and books in classrooms ordered regarding beginning November, Staff). Staff to help with set-up of private breastfeeding space with new equipment (early December, Director and Staff).	Identify a private, clean, conflortable place for mother's to breastfeed or express their milk (October, Director). Purchase all equipment needed: refrigerator for storage of breastmilk, bottles/bags, labels, comfortable chair, etc. (end of November, Director). Purchase posters, books, handouts for both children and families regarding breastfeeding support to be displayed in the program (November, Director). Display on parent bulletin board breastfeeding support information (Ongoing beginning November, Director and Staff). Create the nursing room with all items purchased for breastfeeding mothers to use while at the program (early December, Director and Staff).	Research sample breastleed support practices in preparation of trainings to staff and familie (October, Director). Provide breastfeeding support training for all staff (Novembe Director). Offer breastfeeding support sessions twice a year for fami (Onoping beginning Novembe Director and Staff).

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Start Date: November ECE Program Name: ABC Child Care Center Goal: ABC Children's Academy will improve the breastfeeding environment in our program by developing infant feeding p and creating a private breastfeeding space. Child Family Program Staff Program Environment Program Policies				
Feed infants based on infant feeding plan and using responsive feeding oues (Ongoing beginning November, Teachers and Staff).	Work with families to create individual feeding plans for each infant (Ongoing, beginning November, Teachers). Invite families to attend training on breastfeeding support (Ongoing beginning mid- November, Director and Staff). Identify and gather brochures for community breastfeeding support ig: La <u>lache</u> League (November, Director). Maintain on-going communication with families	Collect sample infant feeding plans and choose a temptate to use with families (November, Director and Staff) Learn about best practices in breastfeeding support and attend training (Ongoing beginning early November, Director and Staff). Teachers to help set-up the bulletin board for parent information regarding breastfeeding (Ongoing beginning November, Director and Staff). Teachers to display posters and books in classrooms ordered regarding breastfeeding support (Ongoing beasting inning November.	Identify a private, clean, comfortable place for mother's to breastifeed or express their milk (October, Director). Purchase all equipment needed: refrigerator for storage of breastmilk, bottles/bags, labels, comfortable chair, etc. (end of November, Director). Purchase posters, books, handouts for both children and families regarding breastfeeding support to be displayed in the program (November, Director). Display on parent bulletin board breastfeeding support information (Ongoing beginning November,	Research sample breastfeedi support practices in preparati of trainings to staff and familie (October, Director). Provide breastfeeding support training for all staff (Novembe Director). Offer breastfeeding support sessions twice a year for fami (Ongoing beginning Novembe Director and Staff).
	regarding infant feeding needs and cues (Ongoing beginning November, Teachers).	Staff). Staff to help with set-up of private breastfeeding space with new equipment (early December, Director and Staff).	Director and Staff). Create the nursing room with all items purchased for breastfeeding mothers to use while at the program (early December, Director and Staff).	Apply to the State for becomin a breastleeding friendly facilit (January, Director). Implement program policy on breastleeding support and include in staff and parent handbooks (January, Director

Sample Family-Style Dining Policies

At ABC Child Care, we support family-style dining by:

- Role-modeling positive healthy eating behaviors in the presence of children
- Sitting with children at the table and eating the same meals and snacks
- Encouraging children to try developmentallyappropriate servings of new foods
- Providing child-size tables, utensils, and serving dishes at mealtime
- Providing opportunities outside of mealtime to strengthen pouring and scooping skills that can be utilized during family-style dining

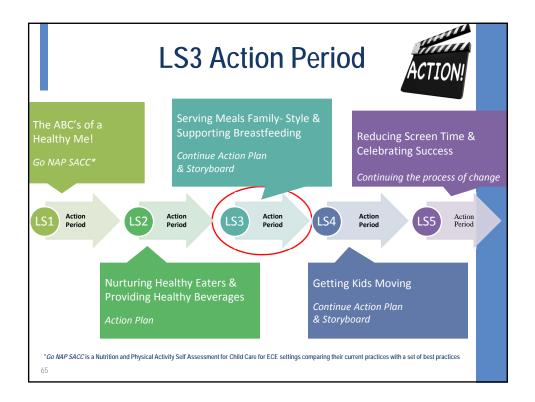


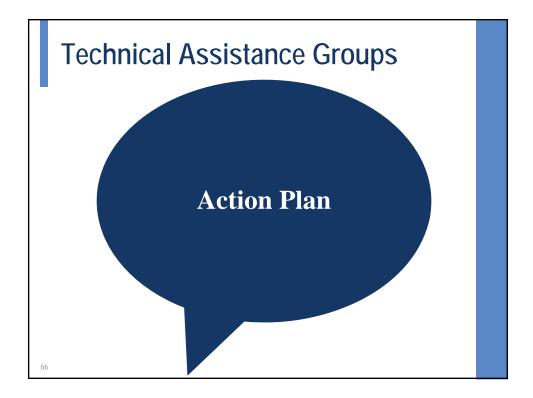
Sample Breastfeeding Support Policies

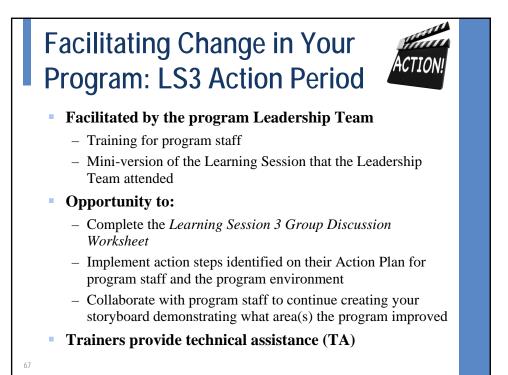
At ABC Child Care, we support breastfeeding and infant feeding by:

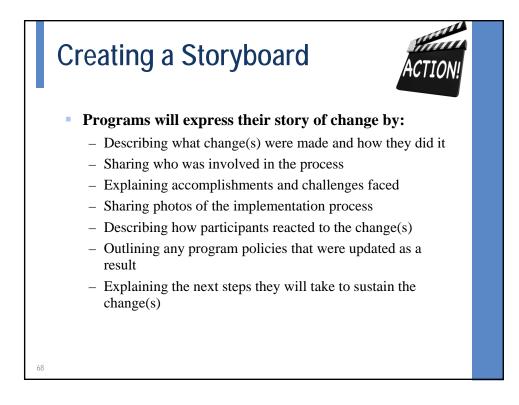
- Providing a clean, welcoming place for mothers to breastfeed or express their milk
- Offering breastfeeding promotional materials that are culturally appropriate
- Providing a refrigerator for the storage of expressed milk
- Ensuring all caregivers/teachers feed infants on cue unless the parent/guardian and the child's primary care provider give written instructions otherwise
- Providing professional development trainings to staff on supporting breastfeeding at least twice per year

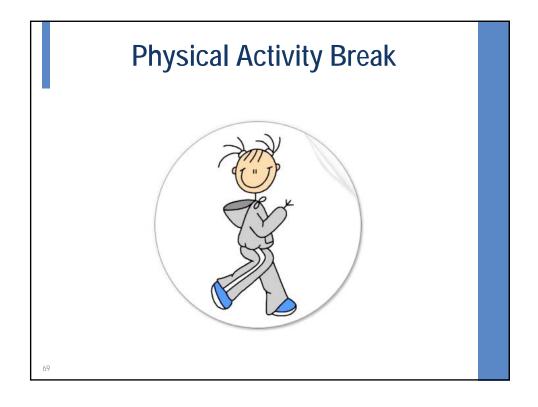














Family-Style Dining at Home

- Encourage families to practices family-style dining at home
- You can promote family-style dining by:
 - Offering special days that parents can participate in eating family-style (Mother's/Father's Day Breakfast, Back to School Night, etc.)
 - Sending home easy/quick recipes that allow less time for cooking and more time for eating together at the table
 - Taking photos of children eating family-style at the program and send home a conversation starter for 'table talk'



Feeding Best Practices for Children

- Serve meals family-style
- Encourage self-feeding
- Eat when seated at a table
- Use appropriate serving sizes
 - Serve more only if the child is still hungry
 - Children will eat what they need
- Engage children in mealtime prep and cleanup
- Serve familiar and new foods
- Encourage children to try new foods, don't force
- Do not use food as punishment or reward
- Integrate nutrition experiences for children in to program activities



Support mothers in breastfeeding as they return to work

- 80% of mothers desire to breastfeed, but 60% are unable to meet their breastfeeding goals
- Returning to work is the primary reason mothers end breastfeeding early
- Important steps to supporting nursing mothers:
 - Talk with the mother to begin to understand her ideas and goals for breastfeeding.
 - Reassure breastfeeding moms that they are doing the best thing for their baby.
 - Encourage them to breastfeed as long as possible.



Breastfeeding at Work

- Affordable Care Act requires support of hourly employees
 - Insurance benefits may cover the cost of breastfeeding equipment, such as breast pumps
- If mothers want to breastfeed upon return to work, they should have a:
 - Reasonable break time
 - Private space
 - A place to store their pumped milk
 - Work support system



Resources for Providers and Parents

- La Leche League
- National Resource Center for Health and Safety in Child Care and Early Education
- International Board Certified Lactation Consultants
- Baby-Friendly Hospital Initiative
- Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)
- CDC's Breastfeeding and Early Care and Education: Increasing Support for Breastfeeding Families



CDC's Breastfeeding and Early Care and Education: Increasing Support for Breastfeeding Families



